

PRESENTATION OF "GSA"

We are glad to submit to your attention our NEW PATENTED instrument **G S A** (Grain Size Analyser) which allows particle size characterisation of soil by sedimentation according to ASTM D 422 and UNI CEN ISO/TS 17892 – 4.

Paricularly the **G S A** measures the finer fraction of soil from 0.1 mm to 0.001 mm.

The **G S A** is projected for realising multiple units till 12.



The software of **G S A**, easy and friendly, displays in real time the trend of the test through a grafic, giving to the operator before the end of the test, a reliable forecast of a trend useful in many cases to establish in advance the characteristic of the soil under test.

PRINCIPAL CHARACTERISTICS

- 1- Range of density (specific gravity) from 0,9000 to 1,0500 with real four decimal figures.
- 2- Automatic compensation of variation of temperature and Stokes law.
- 3- Repeatability better than 2 %.
- 4- All the variable parameters , density of soil, acceleration of gravity, times of data acquisition etc. are programmable by the operator.

We have a unit of **G S A** available for testing any soil.

In addition see the report written by University of Modena using our **G S A** and an example of Excel test.

We will send you a new catalogue and prices in the case you are interested in additional information.

Best Regards.

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Testing a new instrument for particle-size analysis

GSA (Grain Size Analyzer) allows particle size characterization of soils by measuring the progressive reduction of density in a soil suspension, following particle sedimentation during a given standard time of observation. This instrument makes use of the procedure prescribed by ASTM D422 standard norms applied to a modified hydrostatic balance for measuring density rather than by utilising standard 151H or 152H hydrometers.

In order to assess the correctness of this method, various comparative tests were carried out using the 152h standard hydrometer, according to the ASTM D422 norms, and GSA, the latter both in the 1000 ml and 500 ml version.

Considering the different capacity of the two vessels, the amounts of material used were proportionally adjusted. The dispersing agent utilised is sodium hexametaphosphate at 40% concentration in a mixture of 125 ml of Na + 875 ml of distilled water for the 1000 ml GSA – as recommended by the standard norms – whereas for the 500 ml GSA these values were proportionally reduced to 62 ml of Na + 438 ml of distilled water.

The hydrometer particle size test was carried out by acquiring data at 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 30, 60, 120, 240, 480, 1440 minutes, respectively, whereas GSA makes use of an automatic method for continuous data acquisition.

All tests were carried out in order to verify several aspects:

- correspondence between the two methodologies
- assessment of the effects of the reduction of the volume of suspension utilised
- assessment of the effect of the vessel bottom on particle size distribution
- assessment of the sand fraction
- repeatability of the tests

Giovanni Tosatti (Professor of Engineering Geology) Simona Marchetti Dori (Graduate Laboratory Technician) Fausto Melotti (Graduate Laboratory Technician)

| Microsoft Excel - GSA calcolo automatico Gibertini_22.xls | | | | | | | | | | | | | | PX | | | | | | | |
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| | A1 🔻 | f _x | Time | _ | _ | _ | - | | | | | | | | | - | | _ | - | _ | |
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| 2 | 00:00.00.06 | 1,0315 | 22,0 °C | 3600 | 60 | 22,29 | 3 | 96 | 00 6 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | 0,1 | 10 | 0,119 | 88,58 | | | | <u> </u> |
| 4 | 00:00.00.18 | 1,0300 | 22,3 °C | 0002 | | | | | | | ŏ | 4 | | 0,4 | 20 | 0,068 | 84,05 | | | | |
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| 6 | 00:00.00.30 | 1,0290 | 22,4 °C | | | | | | | | 0 | 16 | | 1,5 | 30 | 0,053 | 80,85 | | | | <u> </u> |
| 8 | 00:00.00.42 | 1,0280 | 22,4 °C | | | | | | | | 1 | | | 15.0 | 37 | 0,048 | 79,24 | | | | |
| 9 | 00:00.00.48 | 1,0275 | 22,4 °C | | | Sto | | | | 2 | 0 | | 30,0 | 39 | 0,042 | 76,03 | | | | | |
| 10 | 00:00.00.54 | 1,0265 | 22,4 °C | | | 274 | | | L | | 4 | 0 | | 30,0 | 43 | 0,040 | 72,80 | | | | <u> </u> |
| 12 | 00:00.01.00 | 1,0260 | 22,4 °C | | | | | | | | 24 | 0 | | 60,0 | 47 | 0,037 | 71,20 | | | | <u> </u> |
| 13 | 00:00.01.18 | 1,0250 | 22,4 °C | | | | | | - | | | - | | | | 0,033 | 67,98 | | | | |
| 14 | 00:00.01.30 | 1,0240 | 22,4 °C | | Note: | | | | | | | | | | | 0,031 | 64,76 | | | | |
| 15 | 00:00.01.42 | 1,0235 | 22,4 °C | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0,029 | 63,16 | | | | <u> </u> |
| 17 | 00:00.02.06 | 1,0223 | 22,4 °C | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0,027 | 58,33 | | | | |
| 18 | 00:00.02.30 | 1,0210 | 22,4 °C | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0,024 | 55,11 | | | | |
| 19 | 00:00.02.54 | 1,0205 | 22,4 °C | | _ | | | Gra | ain size analy | n size analysis | | | Je Je | | | 0,022 | 53,50 | | | | <u> </u> |
| 20 | 00:00.03.42 | 1,0195 | 22,4 °C | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0,021 | 48.68 | | | | <u> </u> |
| 22 | 00:00.04.06 | 1,0185 | 22,4 °C | | 110,0 | | | | | | Π | | | 1 | | 0,019 | 47,06 | | | | |
| 23 | 00:00.04.54 | 1,0175 | 22,4 °C | | | - | | | | | | | | 1 | | 0,017 | 43,85 | | | | <u> </u> |
| 24 | 00:00.05.42 | 1,0165 | 22,4 °C | | 100,0 | | | | | | 11 | | | 1 | | 0,016 | 40,63 | | | | <u> </u> |
| 26 | 00:00.07.18 | 1,0155 | 22,4 °C | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | 0,013 | 37,41 | | | | |
| 27 | 00:00.08.06 | 1,0150 | 22,4 °C | | 90,0 | | | | | | • | | | 1 | | 0,013 | 35,81 | | | | |
| 28 | 00:00.09.36 | 1,0145 | 22,4 °C | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | 0,012 | 34,20 | | | | <u> </u> |
| 30 | 00:00.12.36 | 1,0140 | 22,4 °C | | | | | | | | | | |] | | 0,011 | 30,98 | | | | |
| 31 | 00:00.14.06 | 1,0130 | 22,4 °C | | 70 (| | | | | | | | |] | | 0,010 | 29,38 | | | | |
| 32 | 00:00.15.36 | 1,0130 | 22,4 °C | | - 70, | | | | | | | | |] | | 0,009 | 29,38 | | | | <u> </u> |
| 34 | 00:00.21.36 | 1.0120 | 22,4 °C | | 9 eo 1 | | | | 1 | | | | | | | 0,009 | 26,17 | | | | |
| 35 | 00:00.24.36 | 1,0115 | 22,4 °C | | Ë ë ⁶⁰ , | | | | | | | | | | | 0,008 | 24,56 | | | | |
| 36 | 00:00.27.36 | 1,0110 | 22,4 °C | | .= _{50 (} | | | | | | | | | | | 0,007 | 22,95 | | | | <u> </u> |
| 37 | 00:00.30.36 | 1,0110 | 22,4 °C | | ~ .00, | | | | | | | | | | | 0,007 | 22,94 | | | | <u> </u> |
| 39 | 00:01.00.36 | 1,0095 | 22,4 °C | Calibrated | i 40 آ | n 🗕 🚽 | | | <u> </u> | | | | | | | 0,005 | 18,10 | | | | |
| 40 | 00:01.30.36 | 1,0090 | 22,4 °C | | , | | | | | | | | | - | | 0,004 | 16,52 | | | | |
| 41 | 00:02:00:36 | 1,0085 | 22,5 °C | Calibrated | 1 TI 30,0 | | +++ | | | +++++ | | | | - | | 0,003 | 14,98 | | | | <u> </u> |
| 43 | 00:03.00.36 | 1,0080 | 22,7 °C | Calibrated | | | | ╞┋╋┥┝ | | +++++ | | | | - | | 0,003 | 13,53 | | | | |
| 44 | 00:03.30.36 | 1,0080 | 22,8 °C | | 20,0 | 10 | ┥┥┧╸ | ╏┓ | | ++++ | | | | - | | 0,003 | 13,60 | | | | |
| 45 | 00:04.00.36 | 1,0075 | 22,9 °C | Calibrated | 4 | | 417 | | | +++++ | | | | - | | 0,002 | 12,06 | | | | <u> </u> |
| 40 | 00:06.00.36 | 1,0070 | 23,0°C | Calibrated | 10,0 | ┉┼╼╼╍┿╹ | | | | +++++ | | | | - | | 0.002 | 10,54 | | | | |
| 48 | 00:07.00.36 | 1,0070 | 23,1 °C | Calibrated | ł | | | | | +++++ | | | | - | | 0,002 | 10,60 | | | | |
| 49 | 00:08.00.36 | 1,0070 | 23,1 °C | Calibrated | 1 O,O |)0 | | | | | Ц | | | 4 | | 0,002 | 10,62 | | | | <u> </u> |
| 50 | 00:09:00:36 | 1,0065 | 23,1°C | Calibrated | 1 | 0,001 | | 0,010 | | 0, | ,100 | | 1,0 | 000 | | 0,002 | 9,01 | | | | <u> </u> |
| 52 | 00:11.00.36 | 1.00.36 1,0065 23,0 °C Calibrated Diameter (mm) 0,002 0,001 8,90 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 53 | 00:12.00.36 | 1,0065 | 22,9 °C | Calibrated | 1 | | | | | ,, | | | | | | 0,001 | 8,84 | | | | - |
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Particle size correspondences between hydrometer and GSA tests



Particle size correspondences between hydrometer and GSA tests by using, for the latter, 500 ml rather than 1000 ml of suspension. It is possible to appreciate the repeatability of the tests carried out by means of the two tests



Comparison curves between hydrometer, GSA (1000 ml), GSA (500 ml) tests and repeatability of GSA tests, respectively



Correspondence between GSA test on sifted sample and hydrometer tests on sifted and non-sifted samples, respectively



Correspondence between GSA tests using 1000 ml and 500 ml suspensions, respectively

By means of these comparative tests, it was possible to demonstrate: a) the correspondence of the results obtained by GSA tests with those achieved according to the prescribed standard methodology; b) the perfect repeatability of the tests.

In addition, the possibility to reduce the suspension volume at 500 ml was verified, by reducing accordingly the amounts of sample and sodium hexametaphosphate used. In this way, by considering the reduction of lengths, the time necessary to carry out a complete particle size analysis is considerably reduced [the silt-clay boundary (2 μ m) is attained already after 4 hours, therefore the test is completed after 8 hours]. This can be considered a great advantage with respect to the traditional procedure.

The first identifiable diameter, by means of GSA and similarly to the hydrometer test, is 0.061 mm, that is in proximity of the sand-silt boundary. Therefore, in order to carry out a complete particle size analysis, it is not possible to leave out of consideration the use of sieves which allow weight percentages to be assessed. Indeed, these percentages cannot be measured by means of GSA.

Finally, the following aspects should also be considered: a) the perfect repeatability of the tests; b) the possibility to draw a graph in real time with a continuous curve; c) the direct attainment of the curve values (percentages, D_{60} , D_{10} parameters etc.) rather than using interpolation procedures which are always affected by error.

Modena, 6 May 2009